

Future developments of the Railway Safety & Interoperability in the framework of the 4RP

EU objectives for transport and mobility -2020 and beyond

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White paper 2011⁺ Objectives for transport and mobility in the EU

- Competitive, clean and sustainable transport and mobility
- Efficient transport networks for EU citizens and goods
- Modern infrastructure, smart pricing and funding
- Increase connectivity and innovation
- Multimodal freight corridors for sustainable transport networks
- EU as a global leader in standards and technology

+ will be updated end 2019



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Single European rail area (SERA)

30% **shift** of road freight over 300 km **to** other modes such as **rail** or waterborne, and > 50% by 2050

harmonised
procedures for single VA
authorisation and safety
authorisation

Triple the length of the HS rail network by 2030

White paper 2011 Objectives for rail

effective and nondiscriminatory access to rail

rail freight corridors as the **backbone**of transport

open the domestic rail **passengers market** to competition

> connect all seaports to the rail freight system

Integrated

European railway market

Reinforced ERA

connect all core network airports to the rail network

ERTMS

single

wagon load Integrated approach to freight corridor management

completion of a **European high- speed rail** network

European multimodal transport information, management, ticketing to and payment **system**







Von der Leyen's Political Guidelines 2019-2024

- > A European **Green Deal**
- > An economy that works for **people**
- > A Europe fit for the **digital age**
- > Protecting our **European way of life**
- > A stronger Europe in the world
- >A new push for **European democracy**



Von der Leyen's European Green Deal

Communication scheduled for November 2019

- A just/fair transition
- A Sustainable European Investment Plan
- World's first climate-neutral continent
- The first European Climate Law to enshrine the 2050 climate neutrality target (0 pollution!) into law.
- More ambitious targets for 2030
- Preserving Europe's natural environment/biodiversity
- Decarbonised energy-intensive industries
- Pollution strategy for urban areas, New Circular Economy Action Plan



Significant steps were taken to deliver Single European Rail Area through 4RP.

Considerable technical + operational barriers remain

Use the political momentum for the benefit of rail market share!

Green Digital Efficient Rail





Rénovation **Green Deal** ferroviaire Full interoperability (COM) (EP) Digital rail **Automatic couplers?** Seamless **Enhanced** Modal Energy efficeint **Better functioning** share of traction Batteries/H2-**RFCs** Railways Catenary Hybrid locos CCS GAME CHANGERS **Dynamic Capacity** data increase for ETA Modular, standard sustainable rail **Innovation and HEU** architecture, flexible Reliable rail system Targeted system for less technical and operational obstacles ?





(1) A European Green Deal

 The next revision of TSIs must assist in paving the way to achieve a climate-neutral Europe. Railways must be more energy efficient and stumbling blocks for rail (freight) must be removed to increase capacity and facilitate multimodality. TSIs must contribute in making rail more attractive for passengers and business.

(2) An economy that works for people

TSIs must ensure rapidly harmonisation towards the Single European Rail Area and full
alignment to EU policy objectives. Comprehensive and simple to comply with TSIs with
clear guidance on how to meet essential requirements. TSIs must fully specify a safe and
efficient Europena rail system for the benefit of all EU citizens, including improved
accessibility for persons with reduced mobility.

Mobility and



(3) A Europe fit for the digital age

• The next TSI revision must achieve a flexible, efficient and reliable EU rail system, building on full digitalisation and innovation developed under the Shift2Rail program or its successor for 2021-2027. Increasing capacity, a key goal for more digitalisation, renders railways more sustainable.

(5) A stronger Europe in the world

• Strong EU requests for fair international procurement are important. Reducing derogations and national exemptions can achieve further harmonised European rail specifications that strengthen the Single European Rail Area and support the EU rail industry's leadership at global level. Keeping EU standards as global reference helps reducing cost through higher productivity.



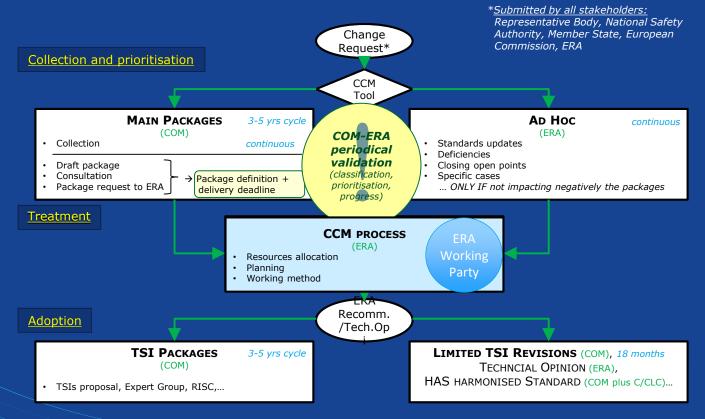
2022 TSI revision package – objectives

- 4 likely pillars with ambitious contents...
- Harmonised and comprehensive TSIs (less derogations, shorter transition, more target systems) 1+5
- Remove technical and operational barriers to SERA (transparency on open points and specific cases, reduce burden by simplifying compatibility with the network checking and testing, ILB, reduce time to market, smart operational rules) 2
- Rail digitalisation: More sustainability through higher capacity (ERTMS Level 3/launching of phasing out of Class B, ATO, FRMCS, modularity, standardised interfaces, digital twinning of infrastructure through RINF, language regimes, automated traffic management) 3
- More efficiency in rail freight: Reliable and seamless supply chains through smart innovation (ETA, from single train identifier => to freight localisation, smart e-consignement notes, automated coupling) 1+2+3+5





TSI revisions - overview of process





2022 TSI revision package - planning

- Develop objectives and mile stones for a 2022 TSI strategy in upcoming COM and ERA meetings.
- Consultation with stakeholders
- First presentation during RISC, 12-13 November
- COM request to ERA in early 2020